


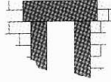
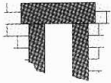


ANCIENT ART - Prehistoric

<b>Arch</b>	A curved structural element that spans an opening.		
<b>Corbel</b>	Rows of stone blocks or brick in which each row projects beyond the one beneath it. Two such walls, meeting at the topmost row, create a corbeled arch or corbelled vault.		
<b>Cromlech</b>	A circle of monoliths. Also called henge.		
<b>Lintel</b>	A beam used to span an opening		
<b>Megalith</b>	A large, roughly hewn stone used in the construction of monumental prehistoric structures.		
<b>Mesolithic</b>	The “middle” Stone Age, between Paleolithic and the Neolithic ages.		
<b>Monoliths</b>	A large, single block or piece of stone used in megalithic structures.		
<b>Neolithic</b>	The “new” Stone Age.		
<b>Paleolithic</b>	The “old” Stone Age, during which humankind produced the first sculptures and paintings.		
<b>Post-and-lintel system</b>	A system of construction in which two posts support a lintel.		
<b>Vault</b>	A masonry roof or ceiling constructed on an arch principle.	